



### Low Power Consumption LDO ME6209 Series

#### General Description

The ME6209 series are a group of positive voltage output, three –pin regulator, that provide a high current even when the input/output Voltage differential is small. Low power consumption and high accuracy is achieved through CMOS technology. They allow input voltages as high as 18V.

#### Features

- Ultra low quiescent current: 3.0uA(typ)
- High input voltage (up to 18V)
- Low dropout voltage :80mV@Iout=40mA (V<sub>OUT</sub>=3.3V)
- Output voltage accuracy: ±2%
- Maximum output current: 250mA (V<sub>OUT</sub> =3.3V)
- Low temperature coefficient

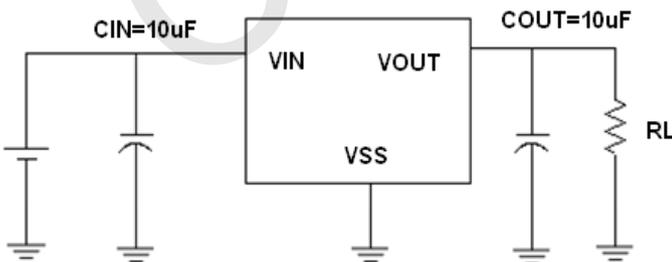
#### Typical Application

- Cameras, video recorders
- Voltage regulator for microprocessor
- Voltage regulator for LAN cards
- Wireless communication equipment
- Audio/Video equipment

#### Package

- 3-pin SOT23-3、SOT89-3、TO-92

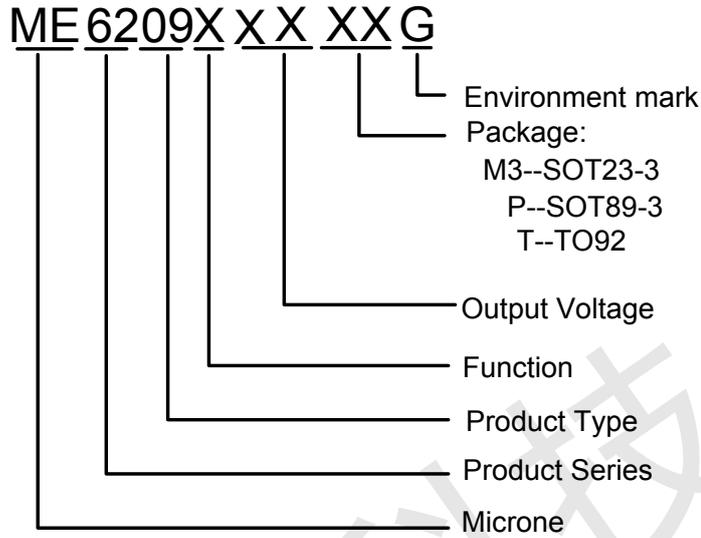
#### Typical Application Circuit





Selection Guide

ME6209



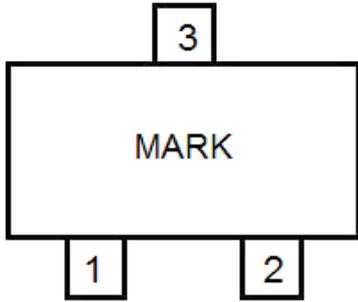
product series	product description
ME6209A18M3G	$V_{OUT} = 1.8V$ ; Package: SOT23-3
ME6209A25TG	$V_{OUT} = 2.5V$ ; Package: TO-92
ME6209A27M3G	$V_{OUT} = 2.7V$ ; Package: SOT23-3
ME6209A33PG	$V_{OUT} = 3.3V$ ; Package: SOT89-3
ME6209A44PG	$V_{OUT} = 4.4V$ ; Package: SOT89-3
ME6209A50M3G	$V_{OUT} = 5.0V$ ; Package: SOT23-3

**NOTE:** At present ,there are five kinds of voltage value:  
1.8V、2.5V、2.7V、2.8V、3.0V、3.3V、3.6V、4.0V、4.4V、4.5V、5.0V。  
If you need other voltage and package, please contact our sales staff。

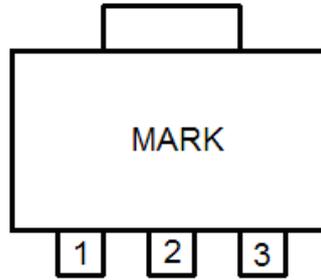


## Pin Configuration

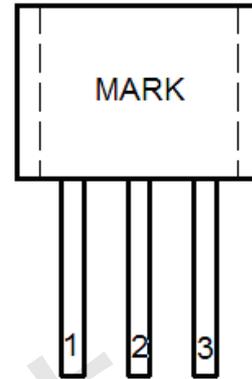
ME6209



SOT23-3



SOT89-3

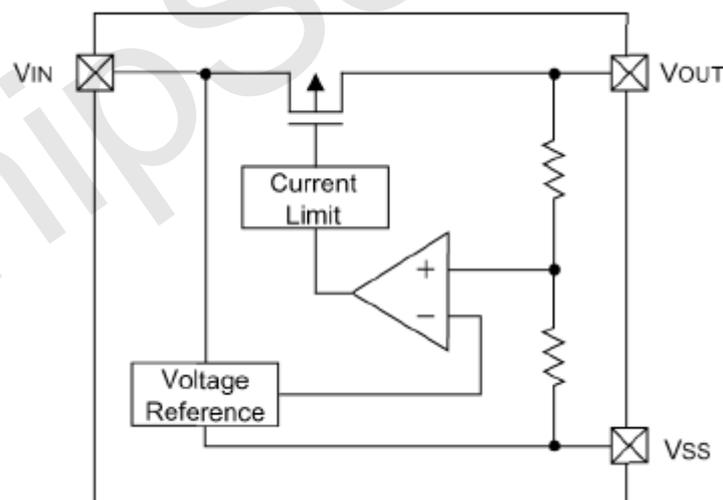


TO-92

## Pin Assignment

Pin Num		Symbol	Function
SOT89-3/TO-92	SOT23-3		
1	1	$V_{SS}$	Ground
2	3	$V_{IN}$	Input
3	2	$V_{OUT}$	Output

## Block Diagram





## Absolute Maximum Ratings

## ME6209

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Units
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$	18	V
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT}$	$V_{SS}-0.3 \sim V_{IN} + 0.3$	V
Output Current	$I_{OUT}$	500	mA
Operating Temperature Range	$T_{OPR}$	$-45 \sim +150$	$^{\circ}C$
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{STG}$	$-55 \sim +150$	$^{\circ}C$
Power Dissipation	SOT89-3	500	mW
	TO-92	500	
	SOT23-3	300	

## Electrical Characteristics

### ME6209A18

( $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1.0V$ ,  $C_{IN} = C_L = 10\mu F$ ,  $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT(E)}$ (Note 2)	$I_{OUT} = 10mA$ , $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$	X 0.98	$V_{OUT(T)}$ (Note 1)	X 1.02	V
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$				18	V
Maximum Output Current	$I_{OUT\_max}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$		250		mA
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$ , $1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 60mA$		10	40	mV
Dropout Voltage (Note 3)	$V_{DIF}$	$I_{OUT} = 40mA$		150		mV
Supply Current	$I_{SS}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$		3	5	$\mu A$
Line Regulations	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN} \times V_{OUT}}$	$I_{OUT} = 10mA$ $V_{OUT} + 1V \leq V_{IN} \leq 18V$		0.1	0.2	%/V
$\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta T_a$	Temperature Coefficient	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$ , $I_{OUT} = 10mA$ $-40^{\circ}C < T_a < 85^{\circ}C$		$\pm 0.7$		mV/ $^{\circ}C$

**ME6209A25**(V<sub>IN</sub>= V<sub>OUT</sub>+1.0V, C<sub>IN</sub>=C<sub>L</sub>=10uF, Ta=25°C, unless otherwise noted)**ME6209**

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Output Voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub> (E) (Note 2)	I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA, V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>OUT</sub> +1V	X 0.98	V <sub>OUT</sub> (T) (Note 1)	X 1.02	V
Input Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>				18	V
Maximum Output Current	I <sub>OUT_max</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>OUT</sub> +1V		250		mA
Load Regulation	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>OUT</sub> +1V, 1mA≤I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤60mA		10	40	mV
Dropout Voltage (Note 3)	V <sub>DIF</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> =40mA		100		mV
Supply Current	I <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>OUT</sub> +1V		3	5	μ A
Line Regulations	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}} \times V_{OUT}$	I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA V <sub>OUT</sub> +1V ≤V <sub>IN</sub> ≤18V		0.1	0.2	%/V
ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /ΔTa	Temperature Coefficient	V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>OUT</sub> +1V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA -40°C<Ta<85°C		±0.7		mV/°C

**ME6209A27**(V<sub>IN</sub>= V<sub>OUT</sub>+1.0V, C<sub>IN</sub>=C<sub>L</sub>=10uF, Ta=25°C, unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Output Voltage	V <sub>OUT</sub> (E) (Note 2)	I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA, V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>OUT</sub> +1V	X 0.98	V <sub>OUT</sub> (T) (Note 1)	X 1.02	V
Input Voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>				18	V
Maximum Output Current	I <sub>OUT_max</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>OUT</sub> +1V		250		mA
Load Regulation	ΔV <sub>OUT</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>OUT</sub> +1V, 1mA≤I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤60mA		10	40	mV
Dropout Voltage (Note 3)	V <sub>DIF</sub>	I <sub>OUT</sub> =40mA		90		mV
Supply Current	I <sub>SS</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>OUT</sub> +1V		3	5	μ A
Line Regulations	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN}} \times V_{OUT}$	I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA V <sub>OUT</sub> +1V ≤V <sub>IN</sub> ≤18V		0.1	0.2	%/V
ΔV <sub>OUT</sub> /ΔTa	Temperature Coefficient	V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>OUT</sub> +1V, I <sub>OUT</sub> =10mA -40°C<Ta<85°C		±0.7		mV/°C



**ME6209A30**

**ME6209**

( $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1.0V$ ,  $C_{IN} = C_L = 10\mu F$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT(E)}$ (Note 2)	$I_{OUT} = 10mA$ , $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$	X 0.98	$V_{OUT(T)}$ (Note 1)	X 1.02	V
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$				18	V
Maximum Output Current	$I_{OUT\_max}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$		250		mA
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$ , $1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 60mA$		20	40	mV
Dropout Voltage (Note 3)	$V_{DIF}$	$I_{OUT} = 40mA$		80		mV
Supply Current	$I_{SS}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$		3	5	$\mu A$
Line Regulations	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN} \times V_{OUT}}$	$I_{OUT} = 10mA$ $V_{OUT} + 1V \leq V_{IN} \leq 18V$		0.1	0.2	%/V
$\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta T_a$	Temperature Coefficient	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$ , $I_{OUT} = 10mA$ $-40^\circ C < T_a < 85^\circ C$		$\pm 0.7$		mV/ $^\circ C$

**ME6209A33**

( $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1.0V$ ,  $C_{IN} = C_L = 10\mu F$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT(E)}$ (Note 2)	$I_{OUT} = 10mA$ , $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$	X 0.98	$V_{OUT(T)}$ (Note 1)	X 1.02	V
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$				18	V
Maximum Output Current	$I_{OUT\_max}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$		250		mA
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$ , $1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 60mA$		15	40	mV
Dropout Voltage (Note 3)	$V_{DIF}$	$I_{OUT} = 40mA$		80		mV
Supply Current	$I_{SS}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$		3	5	$\mu A$
Line Regulations	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN} \times V_{OUT}}$	$I_{OUT} = 10mA$ $V_{OUT} + 1V \leq V_{IN} \leq 18V$		0.05	0.2	%/V
$\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta T_a$	Temperature Coefficient	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$ , $I_{OUT} = 10mA$ $-40^\circ C < T_a < 85^\circ C$		$\pm 0.7$		mV/ $^\circ C$



**ME6209A36**

**ME6209**

( $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1.0V$ ,  $C_{IN} = C_L = 10\mu F$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT(E)}$ (Note 2)	$I_{OUT} = 10mA$ , $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$	X 0.98	$V_{OUT(T)}$ (Note 1)	X 1.02	V
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$				18	V
Maximum Output Current	$I_{OUT\_max}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$		250		mA
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$ , $1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 60mA$		15	40	mV
Dropout Voltage (Note 3)	$V_{DIF}$	$I_{OUT} = 40mA$		80		mV
Supply Current	$I_{SS}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$		3	5	$\mu A$
Line Regulations	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN} \times V_{OUT}}$	$I_{OUT} = 10mA$ $V_{OUT} + 1V \leq V_{IN} \leq 18V$		0.05	0.2	%/V
$\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta T_a$	Temperature Coefficient	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$ , $I_{OUT} = 10mA$ $-40^\circ C < T_a < 85^\circ C$		$\pm 0.7$		mV/ $^\circ C$

**ME6209A40**

( $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1.0V$ ,  $C_{IN} = C_L = 10\mu F$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT(E)}$ (Note 2)	$I_{OUT} = 10mA$ , $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$	X 0.98	$V_{OUT(T)}$ (Note 1)	X 1.02	V
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$				18	V
Maximum Output Current	$I_{OUT\_max}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$		250		mA
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$ , $1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 60mA$		15	40	mV
Dropout Voltage (Note 3)	$V_{DIF}$	$I_{OUT} = 40mA$		75		mV
Supply Current	$I_{SS}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$		3	5	$\mu A$
Line Regulations	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN} \times V_{OUT}}$	$I_{OUT} = 10mA$ $V_{OUT} + 1V \leq V_{IN} \leq 18V$		0.1	0.2	%/V
$\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta T_a$	Temperature Coefficient	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$ , $I_{OUT} = 10mA$ $-40^\circ C < T_a < 85^\circ C$		$\pm 0.7$		mV/ $^\circ C$

**ME6209A44****ME6209**

( $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1.0V$ ,  $C_{IN} = C_L = 10\mu F$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT(E)}$ (Note 2)	$I_{OUT} = 10mA$ , $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$	X 0.98	$V_{OUT(T)}$ (Note 1)	X 1.02	V
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$				18	V
Maximum Output Current	$I_{OUT\_max}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$		250		mA
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$ , $1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 60mA$		15	40	mV
Dropout Voltage (Note 3)	$V_{DIF}$	$I_{OUT} = 40mA$		70		mV
Supply Current	$I_{SS}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$		3	5	$\mu A$
Line Regulations	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN} \times V_{OUT}}$	$I_{OUT} = 10mA$ $V_{OUT} + 1V \leq V_{IN} \leq 18V$		0.05	0.2	%/V
$\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta T_a$	Temperature Coefficient	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$ , $I_{OUT} = 10mA$ $-40^\circ C < T_a < 85^\circ C$		$\pm 0.7$		mV/ $^\circ C$

**ME6209A45**

( $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1.0V$ ,  $C_{IN} = C_L = 10\mu F$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT(E)}$ (Note 2)	$I_{OUT} = 10mA$ , $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$	X 0.98	$V_{OUT(T)}$ (Note 1)	X 1.02	V
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$				18	V
Maximum Output Current	$I_{OUT\_max}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$		250		mA
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$ , $1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 60mA$		15	40	mV
Dropout Voltage (Note 3)	$V_{DIF}$	$I_{OUT} = 40mA$		70		mV
Supply Current	$I_{SS}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$		3	5	$\mu A$
Line Regulations	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN} \times V_{OUT}}$	$I_{OUT} = 10mA$ $V_{OUT} + 1V \leq V_{IN} \leq 18V$		0.05	0.2	%/V
$\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta T_a$	Temperature Coefficient	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$ , $I_{OUT} = 10mA$ $-40^\circ C < T_a < 85^\circ C$		$\pm 0.7$		mV/ $^\circ C$



**ME6209A50**

**ME6209**

( $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1.0V$ ,  $C_{IN} = C_L = 10\mu F$ ,  $T_a = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
Output Voltage	$V_{OUT(E)}$ (Note 2)	$I_{OUT} = 10mA$ , $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$	X 0.98	$V_{OUT(T)}$ (Note 1)	X 1.02	V
Input Voltage	$V_{IN}$				18	V
Maximum Output Current	$I_{OUT\_max}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$		250		mA
Load Regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$ , $1mA \leq I_{OUT} \leq 60mA$		15	40	mV
Dropout Voltage (Note 3)	$V_{DIF}$	$I_{OUT} = 40mA$		70		mV
Supply Current	$I_{SS}$	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$		3	5	$\mu A$
Line Regulations	$\frac{\Delta V_{OUT}}{\Delta V_{IN} \times V_{OUT}}$	$I_{OUT} = 10mA$ $V_{OUT} + 1V \leq V_{IN} \leq 18V$		0.05	0.2	%/V
$\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta T_a$	Temperature Coefficient	$V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + 1V$ , $I_{OUT} = 10mA$ $-40^\circ C < T_a < 85^\circ C$		$\pm 0.7$		mV/ $^\circ C$

Note :

- $V_{OUT(T)}$  : Specified Output Voltage
- $V_{OUT(E)}$  : Effective Output Voltage ( ie. The output voltage when " $V_{OUT(T)} + 1.0V$ " is provided at the Vin pin while maintaining a certain  $I_{OUT}$  value.)
- $V_{DIF}$ :  $V_{IN1} - V_{OUT(E)}$   
 $V_{IN1}$  : The input voltage when  $V_{OUT(E)}$  appears as input voltage is gradually decreased.  
 $V_{OUT(E)}$  = A voltage equal to 98% of the output voltage whenever an amply stabilized  $I_{OUT}$  and  $\{V_{OUT(T)} + 1.0V\}$  is input.

**Precautions**

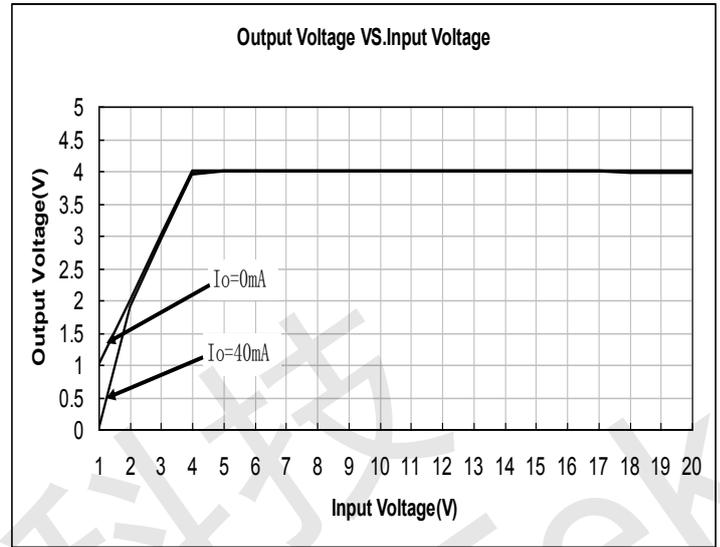
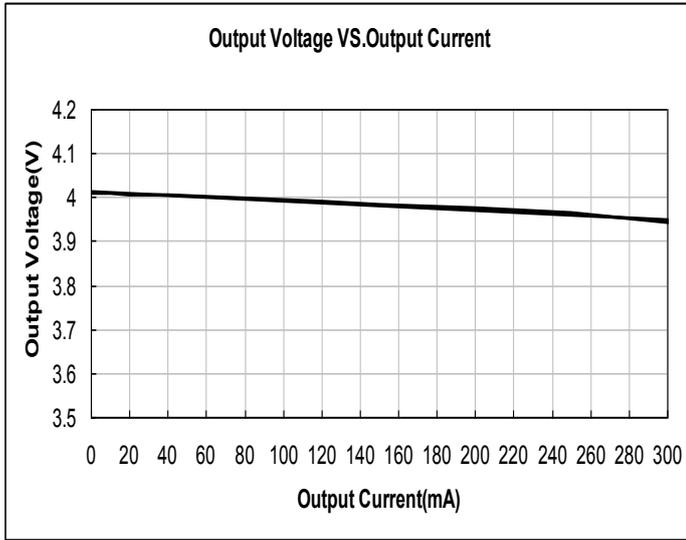
- During the test, if AC/DC power supply and the ceramic chip capacitors collocation are used, there may be serious voltage spike phenomenon instantaneously. When the power supply access to 16V, the voltage is rushed to about 30V instantaneously. Because of exceeding the limit voltage of chip, the chip is damaged. If you string a small resistance of 1 ohm in the input end during the test, the peak phenomenon can be avoided.
- In the test, there is serious burr phenomenon only when the AC/DC power is used with ceramic chip capacitors. But electrolytic capacitors and tantalum capacitance won't appear above phenomenon. Please be sure to pay attention to this point when you use AC/DC power.
- In normal use, when any type of capacitor is used with battery or the supply of fire power, the above phenomenon doesn't occur.



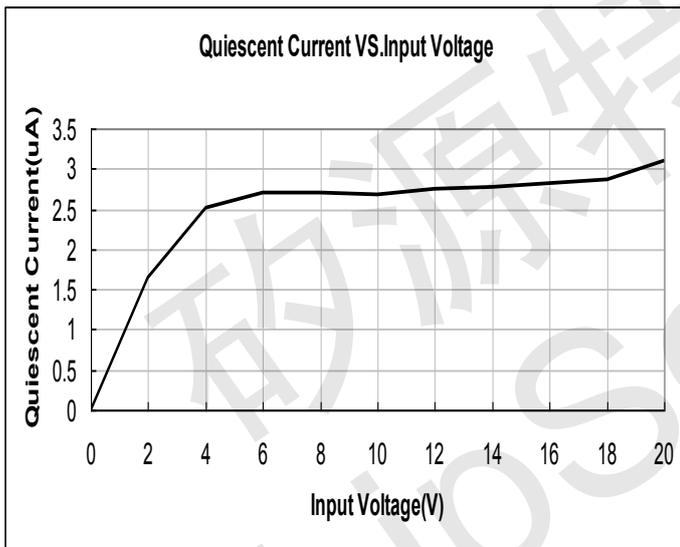
## Type Characteristics (ME6209A40)

## ME6209

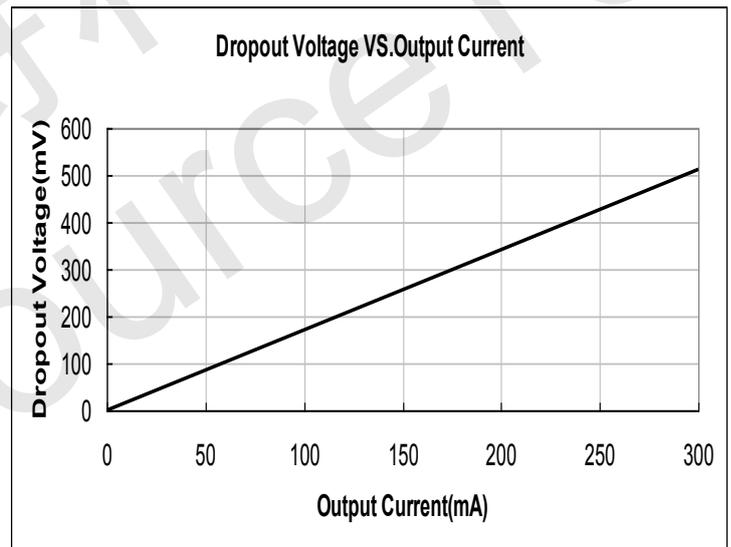
- (1) Output Voltage VS. Output Current (  $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$  )      (2) Output Voltage VS. Input Voltage



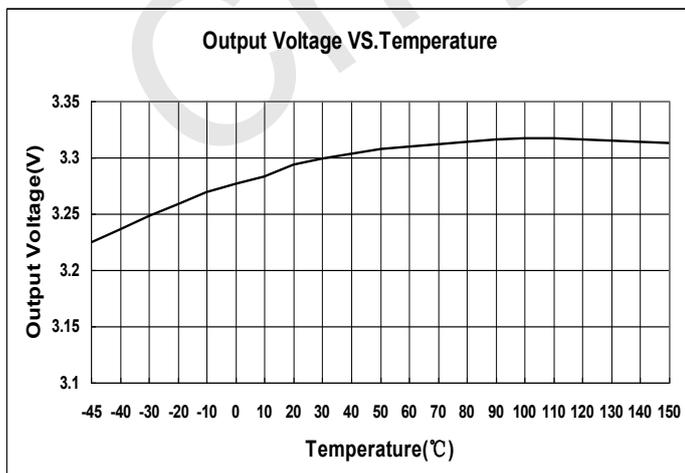
- (3) Quiescent Current VS. Input Voltage



- (4) Dropout Voltage VS. Output Current



- (5) Output Voltage VS. Temperature (ME6209A33PG)

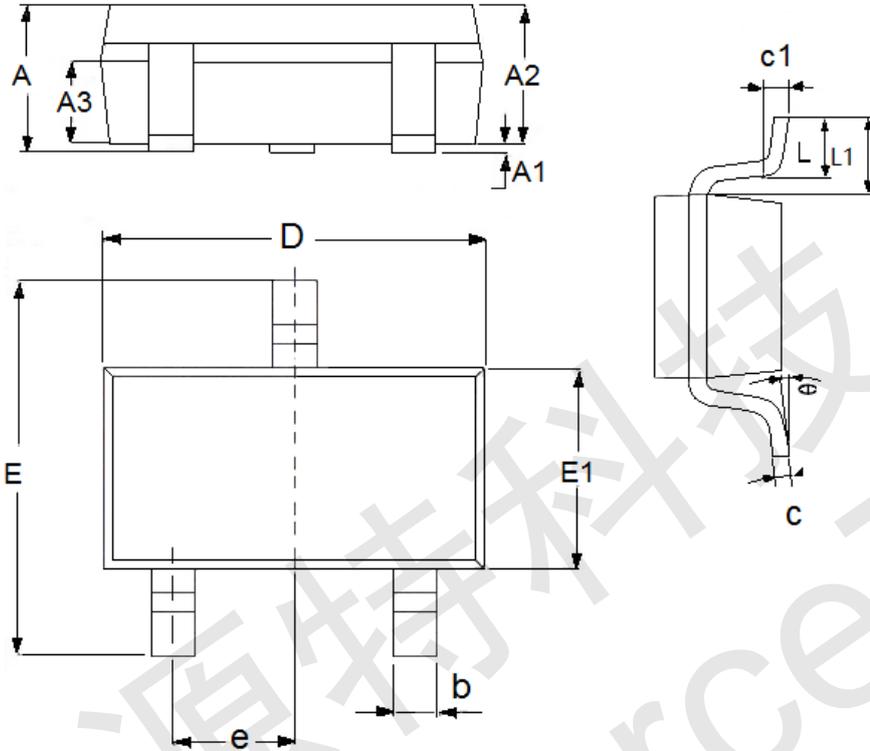




# ME6209

## Packaging Information

- Packaging Type: SOT23-3

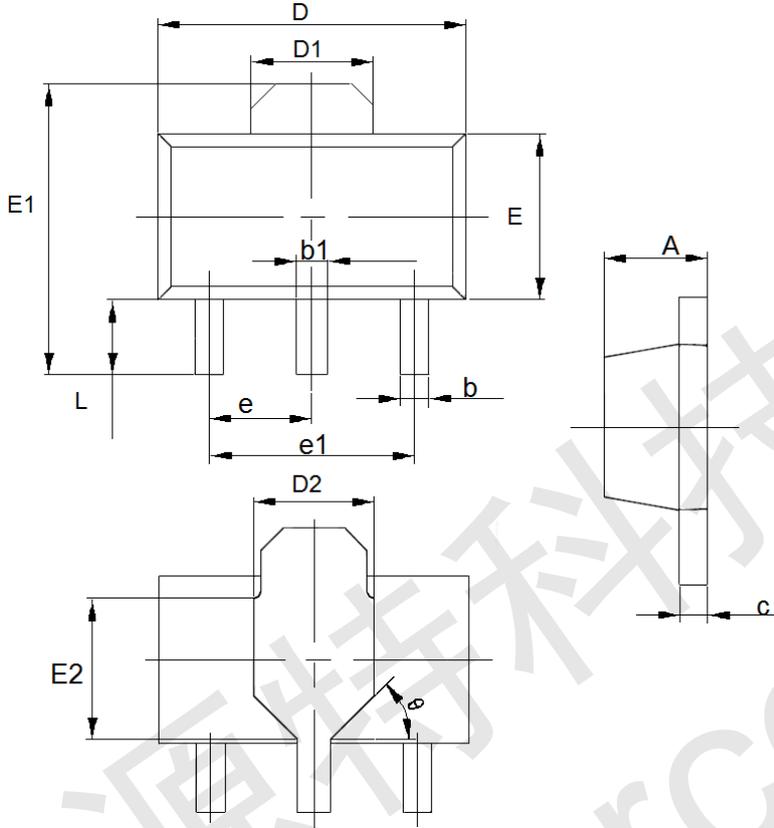


DIM	Millimeters		Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	1	1.5	0.0394	0.0591
A1	0	0.15	0.0000	0.0059
A2	0.9	1.3	0.0354	0.0512
A3	0.6	0.7	0.0236	0.0276
b	0.25	0.5	0.0098	0.0197
c	0.1	0.25	0.0039	0.0098
D	2.8	3.1	0.1102	0.1220
E	2.6	3.1	0.1023	0.1220
E1	1.5	1.8	0.0591	0.0709
e	0.95(TYP)		0.0374(TYP)	
L	0.25	0.6	0.0098	0.0236
L1	0.59(TYP)		0.0232(TYP)	
θ	0	8°	0.0000	8°
c1	0.2(TYP)		0.0079(TYP)	
L1	0.59(TYP)		0.0232(TYP)	
θ	0	8°	0.0000	8°
c1	0.2(TYP)		0.0079(TYP)	



# ME6209

● Packaging Type: SOT89-3

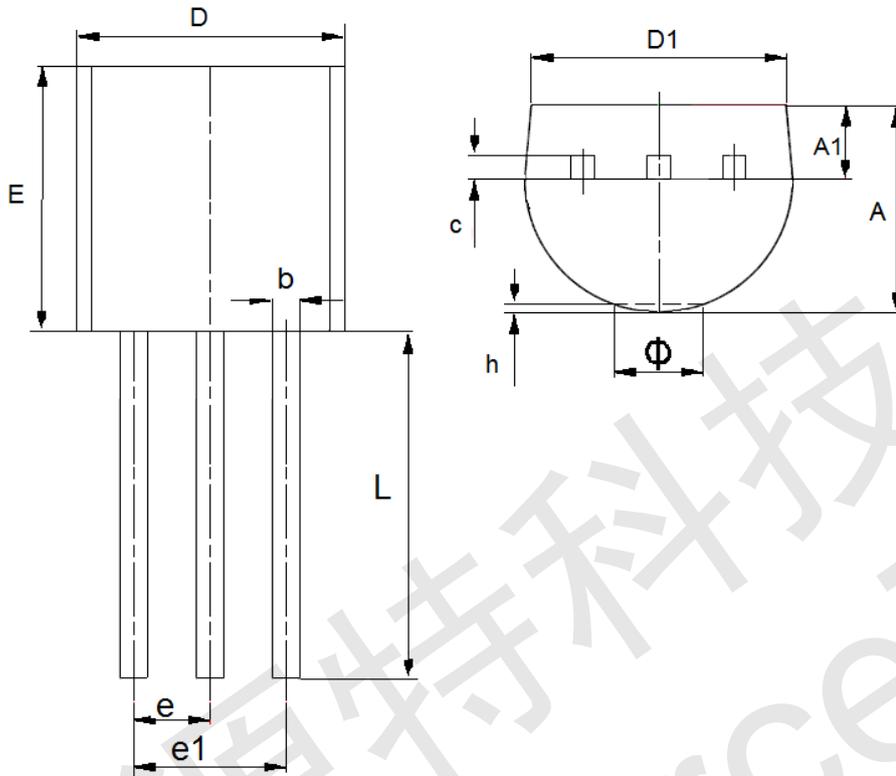


DIM	Millimeters		Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	1.4	1.6	0.0551	0.0630
b	0.32	0.52	0.0126	0.0205
b1	0.4	0.58	0.0157	0.0228
c	0.35	0.45	0.0138	0.0177
D	4.4	4.6	0.1732	0.1811
D1	1.55(TYP)		0.061(TYP)	
D2	1.75(TYP)		0.0689(TYP)	
e1	3.0(TYP)		0.1181(TYP)	
E	2.3	2.6	0.0906	0.1023
E1	3.94	4.4	0.1551	0.1732
E2	1.9(TYP)		0.0748(TYP)	
e	1.5(TYP)		0.0591(TYP)	
L	0.8	1.2	0.0315	0.0472
θ	45°		45°	



# ME6209

● Packaging Type: TO-92



DIM	Millimeters		Inches	
	Min	Max	Min	Max
A	3.3	3.7	0.1299	0.1457
A1	1.1	1.4	0.0433	0.0551
b	0.38	0.55	0.015	0.0217
c	0.36	0.51	0.0142	0.0201
D	4.3	4.7	0.1693	0.185
D1	3.43	—	0.135	—
E	4.3	4.7	0.1693	0.185
e	1.27TYP		0.05TYP	
e1	2.44	2.64	0.0961	0.1039
L	14.1	14.5	0.5551	0.5709
h	0	0.38	0	0.015
Φ	—	1.6	—	0.063



ME6209

- The information described herein is subject to change without notice.
- ShenZhen ChipSourceTek Technology Co.,Ltd. is not responsible for any problems caused by circuits or diagrams described herein whose related industrial properties, patents, or other rights belong to third parties. The application circuit examples explain typical applications of the products, and do not guarantee the success of any specific mass-production design.
- Use of the information described herein for other purposes and/or reproduction or copying without the express permission of ShenZhen ChipSourceTek Technology Co.,Ltd. is strictly prohibited.
- The products described herein cannot be used as part of any device or equipment affecting the human body, such as exercise equipment, medical equipment, security systems, gas equipment, or any apparatus installed in airplanes and other vehicles, without prior written permission of ShenZhen ChipSourceTek Technology Co.,Ltd..
- Although ShenZhen ChipSourceTek Technology Co.,Ltd. exerts the greatest possible effort to ensure high quality and reliability, the failure or malfunction of semiconductor products may occur. The user of these products should therefore give thorough consideration to safety design, including redundancy, fire-prevention measures, and malfunction prevention, to prevent any accidents, fires, or community damage that may ensue.